



- Raum- und Regionalplanung
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## APGDO for SQLServer Native – Quickreference

APGDO for SQLServer Native is a GeoMedia Dataserver for SQLServer using the native „geometry“ column-type of SQLServer 2008 R2 with OpenGIS metadata.

APGDO works with all GeoMedia Editions from Version 4.x to 6.x under Windows XP, Vista and 7 (32 bit and 64 bit).

You can use APGDO for free without warranty.

The dataserver is full read/write (including DDL) and supports all geometry types of GeoMedia with following restrictions:

- no support of arcs (SQLServer doesn't support arcs)
- all points of a collection of OrientedPoints have the same orientation
- no support of collections of TextPointGeometries
- external handling of CoordSystems using csf-files
- each table must have a numeric primary key (integer)

SpatialFilter is supported but only the MBR of the spatial filter is used.

NativeQuery is implemented for those types which use the spatial index.

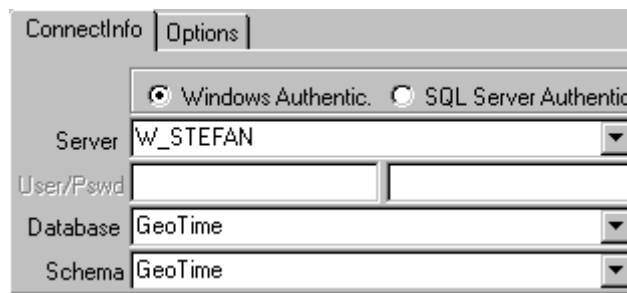
### CoordSystem handling using folder EPSG:

SQLServer does not full support CoordSystem handling using the table „spatial\_reference\_systems“ because it isn't possible to insert new rows. Therefore APGDO supports external handling of CoordSystems using EPSG-codes as SRID.

You have to create GeoMedia csf-files named „EPSGnnnnn.csf“ and store them in the „EPSG“ subfolder of APGDO program folder.

You also have to create a corresponding text-file with extend-information. These values are used as parameters for the creation of spatial indexes and for APGDO for ArcGIS.

### ConnectionProperties Dialog „ConnectInfo:



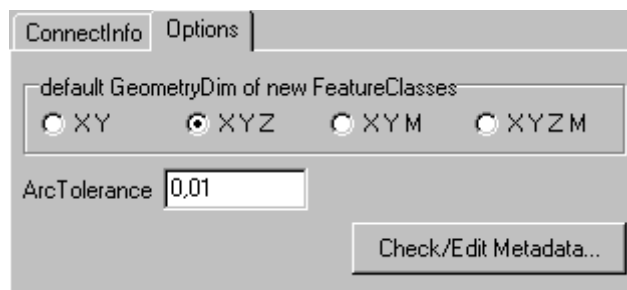
The screenshot shows the 'ConnectInfo' tab of the ConnectionProperties dialog. It features two radio buttons for authentication: 'Windows Authentic.' (selected) and 'SQL Server Authentic.'. Below these are fields for 'Server' (W\_STEFAN), 'User/Pswd' (empty), 'Database' (GeoTime), and 'Schema' (GeoTime).

You have to choose a valid entry for „Schema“. You can also use the predefined values „DEFAULT“ or „ALL“.

„DEFAULT“ uses the default database schema of the user, DDL is supported.

„ALL“ uses all database schemas and full qualified table names, DDL is not supported!

### ConnectionProperties Dialog „Options:



The screenshot shows the 'Options' tab of the ConnectionProperties dialog. It includes a section for 'default GeometryDim of new FeatureClasses' with four radio buttons: 'XY', 'XYZ' (selected), 'XYM', and 'XYZM'. Below this is an 'ArcTolerance' field with the value '0,01' and a 'Check/Edit Metadata...' button.

ArcTolerance is used for the approximation of arcs.



## ConnectionProperties Dialog „Check/Edit Metadata“:



Using this form you can create and edit OpenGIS metadata (GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS) and create GeoMedia metadata for modification logging.

### *create dbo.GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS*

Creates table GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS using schema dbo. Used to store information for all geometry columns in the database.

### *create GeoTime.GM\_ModificationLog*

Creates table GM\_ModificationLog using the selected schema or schema dbo.

### *fill dbo.GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS*

Scans the systemtables and fills the table

### *set default bounds:*

overrides bound values of the selected rows using the values stored in folder EPSG

### *update SRID:*

updates all (!!!) SRID values in the base table of the selected rows using the given value in table GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS;

Use this function carefully! Some programs (e.g. ArcGIS) do not store valid EPSG codes as SRIDs but internal SRIDs. So updating the SRID can cause problems with this programs.



## NativeQuery

Query name:  
NativeSpatialQuery of DKM\_GST and DKM\_KAT\_GE

Description:

Select features in:  
DKM\_GST Filter...

That:

SpatialOperator	CompareString
STContains	= 'TRUE'
STDistance	< 10
STEquals	= 'TRUE'
STIntersects	= 'TRUE'
STOverlaps	= 'TRUE'
STTouches	= 'TRUE'
STWithin	= 'TRUE'

STWithin = 'TRUE'

Features in:  
DKM\_KAT\_GEM Filter...

OK Cancel

Using this example APGDO builds the SQL-statement:

```
Select A.*  
from DKM_GST as A, DKM_KAT_GEM as B  
where STWithin(A.GEOMETRY, B.GEOMETRY) = 'TRUE'
```



## Metadata:

In read-only mode APGDO works without any additional metadata. You can increase performance using OpenGIS-metadata (dbo.GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS).

For read-write operations there must exist the tables for GeoMedia modification logging.

### GEOMETRY\_COLUMNS: (Schema dbo)

F_TABLE_CATALOGN	VARCHAR(255),	
F_TABLE_SCHEMA	SYSNAME not null,	
F_TABLE_NAME	SYSNAME not null,	
F_GEOMETRY_COLUMN	SYSNAME not null,	
GEOMETRY_TYPE	INT not null,	OpenGIS GeometryType
SRID	INT not null,	EPSG-Code
// APGO Extensions		
XMIN	float,	
YMIN	float,	
XMAX	float,	
YMAX	float,	
TOLERANCE	float,	ArcTolerance
GDO_ORIENTATION	NVARCHAR(255),	Field, which holds Orientation
GDO_TEXT	NVARCHAR(255),	Field, which holds Text
GDO_ROTATION	NVARCHAR(255),	Field, which holds TextRotation
GDO_TEXT_FORMAT	NVARCHAR(255),	Field, which holds TextForma
GDO_RASTER	NVARCHAR(255),	Field, which holds RasterGeometry
// not used		
G_TABLE_CATALOG	NVARCHAR(255),	
G_TABLE_SCHEMA	NVARCHAR(255),	
G_TABLE_NAME	NVARCHAR(255),	
STORAGE_TYPE	INT,	
MAX_PPR	INT,	
COORD_DIMENSION	INT	

### GM\_ModifiedTables:

### GM\_ModificationLog:

Tables for GeoMedia modification logging. Use „Check/Edit Metadata“ to create the tables in the correct schema.

## Registry:

For use with WebMap you can set the key DoDummyCS in  
*HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Aufhauser-Pinz\APGDO\*  
to False

In „normal“ mode APGDO uses a temporary Access Connection to handle GeoMedia meta-data. If the value is set to false the tables are build in memory. This increases connect time, but causes problems using some Queries.

